# Bathroom Physics Demos by Russ Poch, Professor Emeritus, Howard CC

 These demonstrations, using illustrations from a bathroom, illustrate physics concepts such as Newton's Laws, Bernoulli's Principle, capillary action, heat transfer and change of phase, etc. The demos feature readily available and inexpensive materials.



### Newton's Laws Demo w/roll of Toilet Paper

<u>Materials</u>: Roll of toilet paper, rod

#### Procedure:

Pull quickly on roll to break off a piece of toilet paper Pull on roll at moderate speed and twist sharply Pull slowly on roll and tear off a piece of toilet paper This demo illustrates Newton's 1<sup>st</sup> Law that an object in motion stays in motion while an object at rest stays at rest unless a sufficient outside force acts on it.

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#### Capillary Action w/ towel hanging in water and outside tub

<u>Materials:</u> 2-3, 150 mL beakers, two sheets of paper towels, dye,  $H_2O$ 

#### Procedure:

Fill one 150 mL beaker 2/3rds full with water and place the empty one next to it.

Roll one sheet of paper towel into a cylinder, dampen, and insert it into the wet beaker and the other end into the dry one. Raise the beaker with water above the dry one.  This demo illustrates the principle of capillary action and a siphon. The end of the towel in the bathtub gradually absorbs the water and slowly transfers it to the bathroom floor.



### Bernoulli's Principle w/ clinging shower curtain

<u>Materials</u>: 2 cans of soda, 8-10 soda straws, strong pair of lungs

#### Procedure:

Place 2 cans of soda on about 8 to 10 soda straws placed parallel to each other a few mm apart.

After a strong inhale breath blow between the center of the cans.  This demo illustrates Bernoulli's principle that when you turn on the shower for a faster stream of water, the shower curtain is attracted toward you due to the reduced air pressure surrounding the moving water.



## Cooling Effect after stepping out of shower w/fan on.

<u>Materials</u>: Lab Quest 2 w/temperature probe, 450 mL beaker, hot water source (e.g. electric coffee pot)

<u>Procedure</u>: Fill a 250 mL beaker w/hot  $H_2O \sim 60^{\circ}C$ 

Place a temp probe connected to Lab Quest in hot water.

Remove probe from hot water and blow on or wave quickly in the air. Record the temp plot.  The demo shows the concept of how evaporation of water by fast moving air produces a cooling effect. This removes the hotter, faster moving molecules of water on the surface reducing the temperature of the object.

# Presentation by Russ Poch, Howard Community College Professor Emeritus

For more information or to share ideas on demos contact: rpoch@howardcc.edu